

O'ZBEKISTON RESPUBLIKASI
OLIY TA'LIM, FAN VA INNOVATSIYALAR VAZIRLIGI
URGANCH DAVLAT UNIVERSITETI

XORIJİY FILOLOGİYA FAKULTETİ



"TASDIQLAYMAN"

Urganch davlat universiteti rektori

B. Abdullayev.

Roxatga o'lindi № _____

2024-yil, _____

LEKSIKOLOGIYA
FANINING
O'QUV DASTURI

Bilim sohasi: 100 000 – Ta'lím

Ta'lím sohasi: 110 000 – Ta'lím

Ta'lím yo'nalishi: 60111800 - Xorijiy til va adabiyoti (tillar bo'yicha: ingliz tili)

Fan/modul kodi LEKB341		O‘quv yili 2024-2025	Semestr 7	ECTS – Kreditlar 4	
Fan/modul turi Majburiy		Ta’lim tili Ingliz		Haftadagi dars soatlari 4	
1.	Fanning nomi	Ma’ruza (soat)	Seminar (soat)	Mustaqil ta’lim (soat)	Jami yuklama (soat)
	Leksikologiya	30	30	60	120

I. O‘quv fanining dolzarbliji va oliy kasbiy ta’limdagi o’rni

Ushbu fan leksikologiyani alohida fan sifatida o‘rganilish muammolari va masalalarini qamrab oladi. Talabalarning bilimini leksikologiya fanining ilmiy asoslari va filologik fanlar o‘rtasidagi o’rni to‘g‘risidagi bilimlar bilan boyitadi.

O‘quv fanining asosiy mazmuni “Ta’lim to‘g‘risida”gi Qonun, O‘zbekiston Respublikasining kadrlar tayyorlash Milliy dasturi, davlat ta’lim standarti talablari, 2017 yil 7 fevraldagи “O‘zbekiston Respublikasini yanada rivojlantirish bo‘yicha Harakatlar strategiyasi to‘g‘risida”gi PF-4947-sonli Farmonlari, shuningdek 2017 yil 20 apreldagi “Oliy ta’lim tizimini yanada rivojlantirish chora-tadbirlari to‘g‘risida”gi PQ-2909-sonli qarorida belgilangan ustuvor vazifalar mazmunidan kelib chiqqan holda tuzilgan bo‘lib, u zamonaviy talablar va xorijiy tajribalarga suyangan holda bo‘lg’usi pedagog kadrlarning tilni nazariy jihatdan puxta egallagan holda amaliy tajribalarini mustahkamlash, takomillashtirib borishni maqsad qiladi.

Ushbu fan xorijiy tillar bo‘yicha mutaxassislar tayyorlashga ixtisoslashgan ta’lim yo‘nalishlari talabalari uchun muhim ahamiyatga ega bo‘lib, boshqa umumkasbiy va ixtisoslik fanlarining nazariy va uslubiy asosi bo‘lib xizmat qiladi.

II. O‘quv fanining maqsadi va vazifalari

Fanni o‘qitishdan asosiy maqsad – talabalarga leksikologiyaga oid bilimlarning nazariy asoslari, fanining asosiy tushunchalari, tamoyillarini o‘rgatish, hamda ularni amaliyotga tatbiq etish ko’nikmasini hosil qilishdan iborat.

Ushbu maqsadga erishish uchun fan talabalarni nazariy bilimlar, amaliy ko’nikmalar, tilning rivojlanish jarayonlariga uslubiy yondashuv hamda ilmiy dunyoqarashni shakllantirish, to’plangan nazariy bilimlarni til amaliyotida qo’llash imkonini beradi.

Fanning vazifalari:

- ✓ Leksikologiya fanining asosiy tushunchalari va muammolarini tanishtirish;
- ✓ So‘zning ma’nosи, ularning yasalishi, etimologiyasini o’rgatish;
- ✓ Tilning lug‘at tarkibini, leksikografiya, leksikologiyaga oid analiz metodlarini o’rgatish;

Fan bo'yicha bakalavr talabalarining bilim, ko'nikma va malakalariga quyidagi talablar qo'yiladi:

Leksikologiya fanini o'zlashtirish jarayonida amalga oshiriladigan masalalar doirasida **bakalavr talabalariga qo'yiladigan talablar**:

- Leksikologiya fanining nazariy masalalarining amaliy jihatdan qo'llanilish maqsadini tushunish;
- muayyan nazariy masalalarga oid fikrlarni bayon etish, mavjud fikrlarga nisbatan tanqidiy munosabatini asoslay olish;
- ma'ruzalar davomida olingan nazariy bilimlarni amaliyotda qo'llay olish, mustaqil holda leksikologiyaga oid ilmiy tadqiqot ishlarini olib borish **ko'nikmalariga ega bo'lishi kerak.**

III. Asosiy nazariy qism (Ma'ruza)

7-SEMESTR

MA'RUZA MASHG'ULOTLARI MAVZULARI

Lecture 1. Introduction. The subject matter, tasks of Lexicology and its development as a subject.

The object of Lexicology. Theoretical and practical value of English Lexicology. The connection of Lexicology with other branches of Linguistics.

Lecture 2. The English word as a structure.

Characteristics of the word as the basic unit of language. Principles of morphemic analysis. Phonetic, morphological, semantic motivation of words.

Lecture 3. Semasiology. Word-meaning, types of meaning.

Types of meaning. Lexical meaning. Part-of-speech meaning. Denotative and connotative meaning.

Lecture 4. Change of meaning.

Types of semantic change. Linguistic causes of semantic change. Extralinguistic causes of semantic change. Nature of semantic change. Results of semantic change.

Lecture 5. Word formation.

Various ways of forming words. Classification of morphemes. Word formation analysis. Classification of affixes.

Lecture 6. Word composition.

Classification of compounds. Compound nouns. Compound adjectives. Compound verbs. Historical development of English compounds.

Lecture 7. Shortened words and Minor types of lexical oppositions.

Shortening of spoken words and its causes. Blending. Abbreviations.

Lecture 8. Word-groups and Phraseological units.

Lexical valency (Collocability). Grammatical valency. Structure of word-groups. Meaning of word-groups. Phraseological units and idioms. Phraseology as a subsystem of language.

Lecture 9. Etymological survey of the English word-stock.

Words of native origin. The origin of English words. International words. Borrowings. Interrelation between Native and Borrowed elements.

Lecture 10. English Vocabulary as a system.

Homonyms and their origin. Synonyms and their sources. Antonyms. Euphemisms. Lexical variants and paronyms. Neologisms. Terminological system.

Lecture 11. The oppositions of stylistically marked and stylistically neutral words.

Functional styles and neutral vocabulary. Learned words and official vocabulary. Colloquial words and expressions. Slang.

Lecture 12. Various aspects of Vocabulary units and replenishment of Modern English word-stock.

Notional and form words. Structural and semantic peculiarities of new vocabulary units. Ways and means of enriching vocabulary. Number of vocabulary units in Modern English.

Lecture 13. Variants and dialects of the English language.

General characteristics of the English language in different parts of the English-speaking world. Lexical differences and territorial variants.

Lecture 14. Fundamentals of English Lexicography.

Main types of English dictionaries. Some of the main problems of Lexicography. Historical development of British and American lexicography.

Lecture 15. Methods and procedures of Lexicological analysis.

Contrastive analysis. Statistical analysis. Transformational analysis.

IV. Seminar mashg'ulotlari
7-SEMESTR
SEMINAR MASHG'ULOTLARI MAVZULARI

Seminar 1. Introduction. The subject matter, tasks of Lexicology and its development as a subject.

The object of Lexicology. Theoretical and practical value of English Lexicology. The connection of Lexicology with other branches of Linguistics.

Seminar 2. The English word as a structure.

Characteristics of the word as the basic unit of language. Principles of morphemic analysis. Phonetic, morphological, semantic motivation of words.

Seminar 3. Semasiology. Word-meaning, types of meaning.

Types of meaning. Lexical meaning. Part-of-speech meaning. Denotative and connotative meaning.

Seminar 4. Change of meaning.

Types of semantic change. Linguistic causes of semantic change.

Extralinguistic causes of semantic change. Nature of semantic change.

Results of semantic change.

Seminar 5. Word formation.

Various ways of forming words. Classification of morphemes. Word formation analysis. Classification of affixes.

Seminar 6. Word composition.

Classification of compounds. Compound nouns. Compound adjectives. Compound verbs. Historical development of English compounds.

Seminar 7. Shortened words and Minor types of lexical oppositions.

Shortening of spoken words and its causes. Blending. Abbreviations.

Seminar 8. Word-groups and Phraseological units.

Lexical valency (Collocability). Grammatical valency. Structure of word-groups. Meaning of word-groups. Phraseological units and idioms. Phraseology as a subsystem of language.

Seminar 9. Etymological survey of the English word-stock.

Words of native origin. The origin of English words. International words. Borrowings. Interrelation between Native and Borrowed elements.

Seminar 10. English Vocabulary as a system.

Homonyms and their origin. Synonyms and their sources. Antonyms. Euphemisms. Lexical variants and paronyms. Neologisms. Terminological system.

Seminar 11. The oppositions of stylistically marked and stylistically neutral words.

Functional styles and neutral vocabulary. Learned words and official vocabulary. Colloquial words and expressions. Slang.

Seminar 12. Various aspects of Vocabulary units and replenishment of Modern English word-stock.

Notional and form words. Structural and semantic peculiarities of new vocabulary units. Ways and means of enriching vocabulary. Number of vocabulary units in Modern English.

Seminar 13. Variants and dialects of the English language.

General characteristics of the English language in different parts of the English-speaking world. Lexical differences and territorial variants.

Seminar 14. Fundamentals of English Lexicography.

Main types of English dictionaries. Some of the main problems of Lexicography. Historical development of British and American lexicography.

Seminar 15. Methods and procedures of Lexicological analysis.

Contrastive analysis. Statistical analysis. Transformational analysis.

V. Mustaqil ta'lim va mustaqil ishlar mavzulari

7-SEMESTR

- 1 Lexicology and the language.
- 2 Peculiar meanings of simple words.
- 3 Peculiar meanings of derivative words.
- 4 Peculiar meanings of compound words.
- 5 The role of paradigmatics and syntagmatics in learning the structure of word meaning
- 6 Types of motivation
- 7 The conception of motivation.
- 8 Phonetic motivations
- 9 Morphological motivations
- 10 Semantic motivations
- 11 Phonetic aspects of words.
- 12 Analytical aspects of words
- 13 Synonym and antonym
- 14 Homonym and its types
- 15 Morphological structure of the word
- 16 Set expressions
- 17 Free expressions
- 18 Similarity of word combinations
- 19 Ways of wordformation.
- 20 Types of abbreviations.

- 21 Ways of translating compound words to the native language
- 22 Ways of forming phraseological units
- 23 Structure of dictionary articles and others
- 24 Archaisms, historisms and neologisms.
- 25 Etymology of words. Etymological classification of dictionaries
- 26 Working with dictionaries in translating
- 27 Problems of dictionary types. Etymological dictionaries
- 28 Lexical peculiarities of English variants in Great Britain
- 29 Lexical peculiarities of English variants in the USA, Canada, Australia
- 30 Development of word meaning and the layer of borrowed words.

Leksikologiya fani mustaqil ish mavzulari doirasida ta'limning interfaol metodlari, kommunikativ yondashuvlarga tayangan holda talabalarni ma'lumotlarni ta'lim jarayonida faollashuvi, mustaqil fikrlashi, fikrini erkin bayon eta olish ko'nikmalarini rivojlantirishga qaratilgan. Bunga asosan o'qituvchi va talabalarning ma'lum bir nazariy va amaliy muammolarning yechimini topish bo'yicha erkin fikr almashishlarini, tanqidiy fikrlashlarini nazarda tutadi. Interfaol metodlarning quyidagi turlaridan keng foydalaniladi:

- ❖ guruhli muzokaralar (Group Discussion)
- ❖ jamoa loyihalari (Project Work)
- ❖ juftliklar bo'lib topshiriqlarni bajarish (Pair Work)
- ❖ yakka holda ma'lum mavzu bo'yicha prezentatsiyalar qilish
- ❖ (Individual Presentation)
- ❖ davra suhbatlarini o'tkazish (Round-Table Discussion)
- ❖ insert texnikasi (Insert Technique)
- ❖ Pinbord texnikasi (Pinboard)
- ❖ Keys-stadi (Case-study)
- ❖ aqliy hujum (Brainstorming) va hakozo.

Tanlangan mavzular bo'yicha namoyishlar, taqdimotlar tayyorlash va guruhlarda muhokama qilish rejalashtiriladi.

VI. Dasturning informatsion-metodik ta'minoti

Leksikologiya fanini o'qitishda ta'limning zamonaviy metodlaridan, pedagogik va axborot-kommunikatsiya texnologiyalaridan keng foydalaniladi.

Ushbu fanni o'qitish jarayonida ta'limning interfaol metodlari, kommunikativ yondashuvlarga tayangan holda talabalarni ma'lumotlarni passiv holda q'a'bul qilishlarini emas, balki ularning ta'lim jarayonida faollashuvi, mustaqil fikrlashi, fikrini erkin bayon eta olish ko'nikmalarini rivojlantirishga qaratilgan. Bunga asosan o'qituvchi va talabalarining ma'lum bir nazariy va amaliy muammolarning yechimini topish bo'yicha erkin fikr almashishlarini, tanqidiy fikrlashlarini nazarda tutadi. Interfaol metodlarning quyidagi turlaridan keng foydalaniladi:

- Guruh muzokoralari (group discussion)
- Jamoa loyihalari (project work)
- Juftlik bo'lib topshiriqlarni bajarish (pair work)
- Yakka holda prezентatsiyalar qilish (individual presentation)
- Davra suhbatlari o'tkazish (round-table discussion)
- Insert texnikasi (insert technique)
- Pinbord texnikasi (pinboard)
- Keys-stadi (case-study)

VII. Kreditlarni olish uchun talablar

Fanga oid nazariy va uslubiy tushunchalarni to'la o'zlashtirish, tahlil natijalarini to'g'ri aks ettira olish, o'rganilayotgan jarayonlar haqida mustaqil mushohada yuritish va joriy, oraliq nazorat shakllarida berilgan vazifa va topshiriqlarni bajarish, yakuniy nazorat bo'yicha yozma ishni topshirish.

X. Asosiy va qo'shimcha adabiyotlar, axborot manbalari Asosiy adabiyotlar

1. Muminov O.M. Lexicology of the English language. T, 2006
2. Арнольд И.В. Лексикология современного английского языка. Высшая школа. М.: 1986.
3. Гинзбург. Р.З., Хидекел С.С., Князева Г.Ю., Санкин А.А. A course in Modern English Lexicology. Высшая школа. М.: 1979.

Qo'shimcha adabiyotlar

1. Антрушина Г.Б. Лексикология английского языка. Москва.: "Дрофа", 2006
2. Давлетбаева Д.Н. Lectures on English lexicology Казань-2010
3. Т.А. Гуральник, В.Д. Шевченко. Лексикология современного английского языка (English lexicology): метод. указания – Самара: Изд-во Самарского университета, 2018. – 40 с.

4. Маматов А. Ўзбек тили лексикологиясидан материаллар. Тошкент.
ЎзДЖТУ. 2009.

Internet saytlari

1. <https://library.ziyonet.uz/uz>
2. <https://www.twirpx.com>
3. <https://www.researchgate.net>

Izoh: Fanni o'qitishda har bir til xususiyati va axborot olish imkoniyatlaridan kelib chiqib, asosiy va qo'shimcha o'quv adabiyotlari ro'yxatiga o'zgartirishlar kiritishi mumkin. Ishchi o'quv dasturlarini tuzishda har bir o'qituvchi yagona darslikka tayanib qolmasdan internet metariallari – elektron ta'lim resurslari bazasidan foydalanib o'quv materiallarini yangilab borishi ko'zda tutiladi.

Mazkur fan dasturi Urganch davlat universiteti tomonidan 2024-yil 29-avgustdagи 11-sonli bayonnomaga bilan ma'qullangan

Fan moduli uchun mas'ullar

Ermetova J.I. – Ingliz tili va adabiyoti kafedrasi dotsenti, f.f.n.

Ruzmetova O.A. – Ingliz tili va adabiyoti kafedrasi o'qituvchisi, PhD

Karimova F.S. – Ingliz tili va adabiyoti kafedrasi o'qituvchisi, PhD

Taqrizchi: Jumatov R.Ya. – Ingliz tili va adabiyoti kafedrasi o'qituvchisi,
PhD

O'quv ishlari bo'yicha prorektor

S.Xodjaniyazov

Akademik faoliyat va registrator
departamenti boshlig'i:

G. Matlatipov

Fakultet dekanı:

Z. Jumaniyozov

Kafedra mudiri:

R. Abidova

Tuzuvchilar:

Ermetova J.I
Ruzmetova O.A
Karimova F.S.